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# ORBITBeyond

## #ThinkingTomorrow

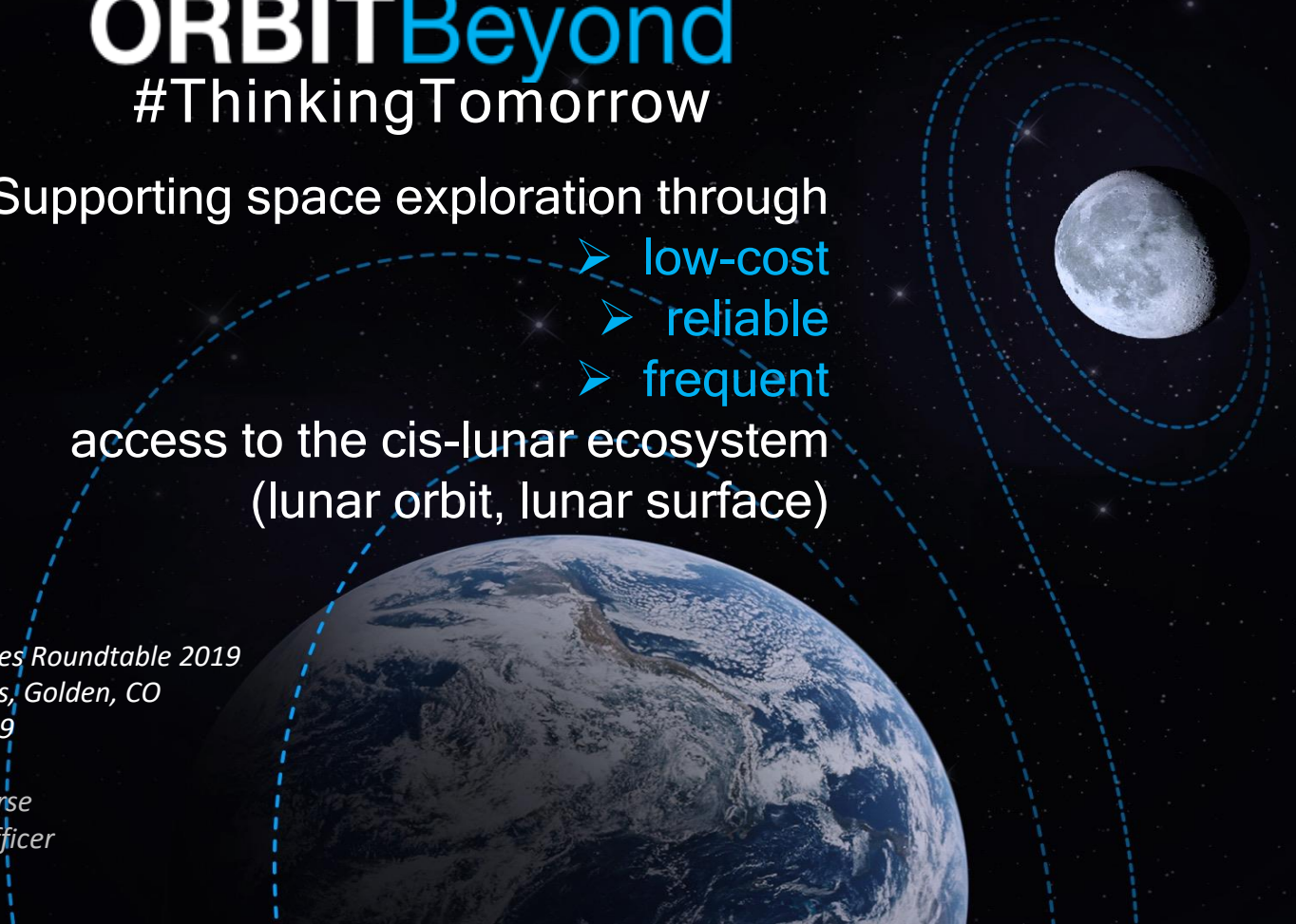
Supporting space exploration through

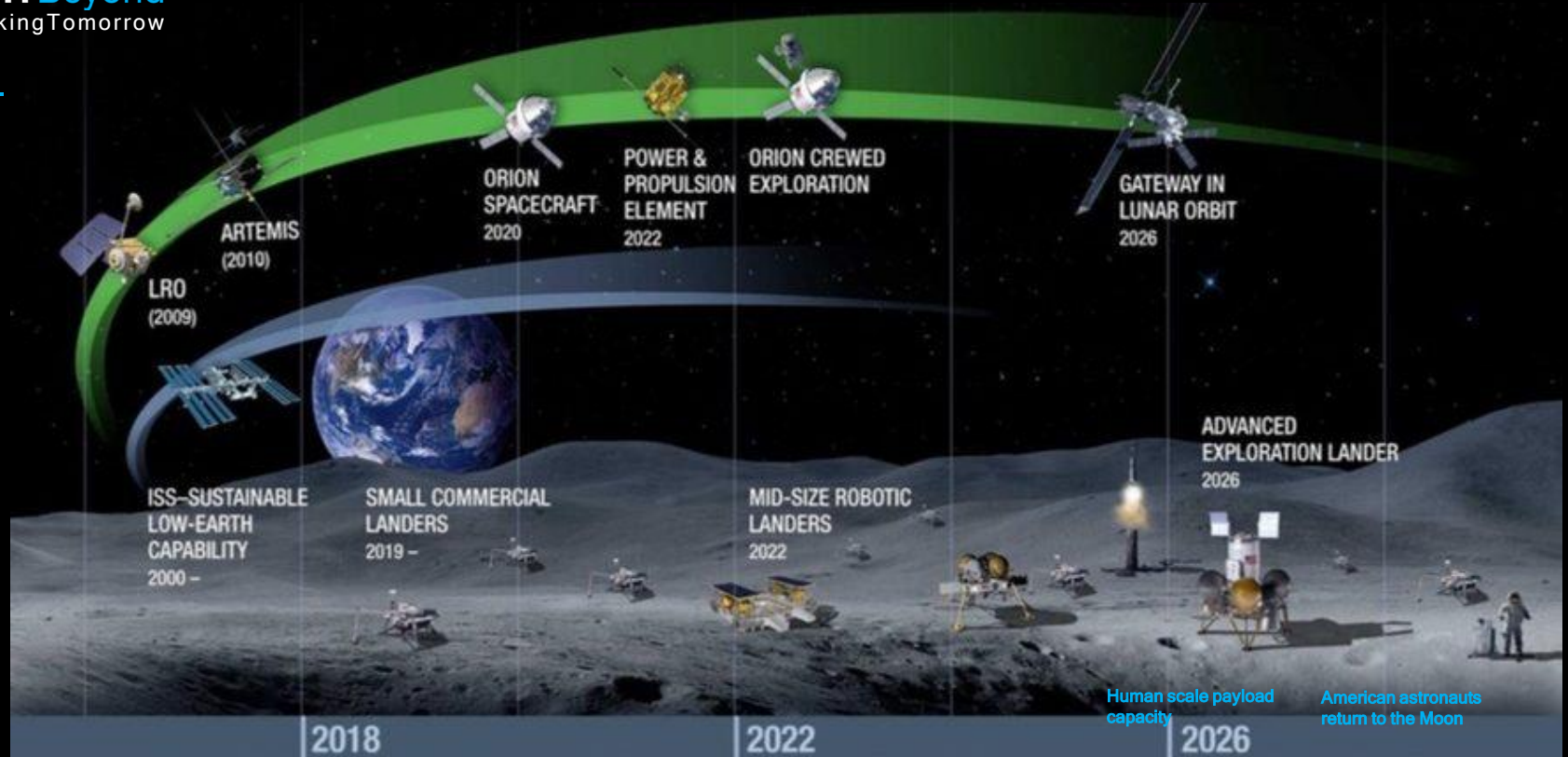
- low-cost
- reliable
- frequent

access to the cis-lunar ecosystem  
(lunar orbit, lunar surface)

*Presentation to: Space Resources Roundtable 2019  
Colorado School of Mines, Golden, CO  
June 12, 2019*

*by Dr. Jon Morse  
Chief Science Officer*





MOTIVATION

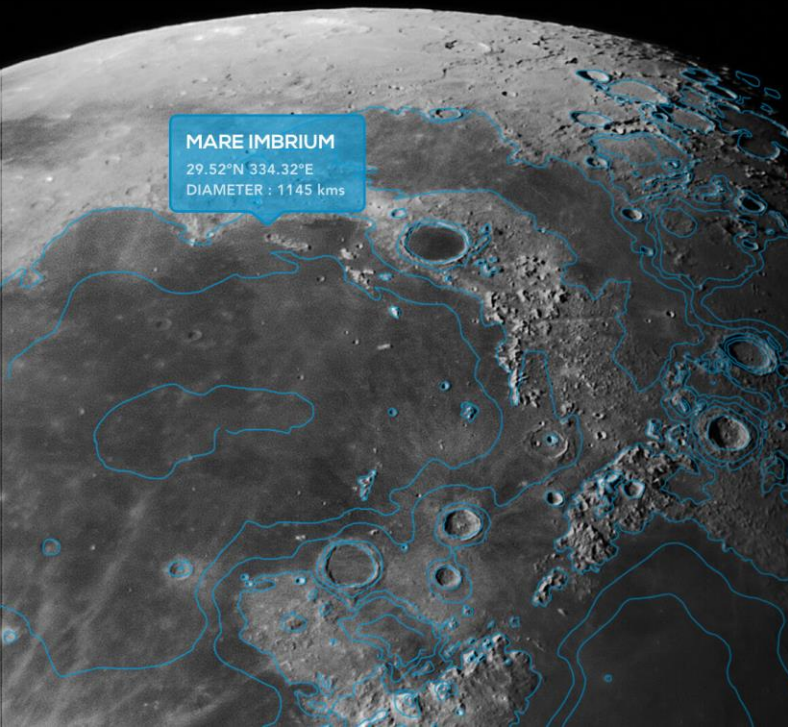
\*\* Image courtesy NASA Image archives

## NASA's MOON2MARS FY20 PBR ROADMAP



# Z-01 Lander Mission

- Launch: Targeting Q3 2020
- 40 kg capacity to lunar surface
- Possible capacity to lunar orbit



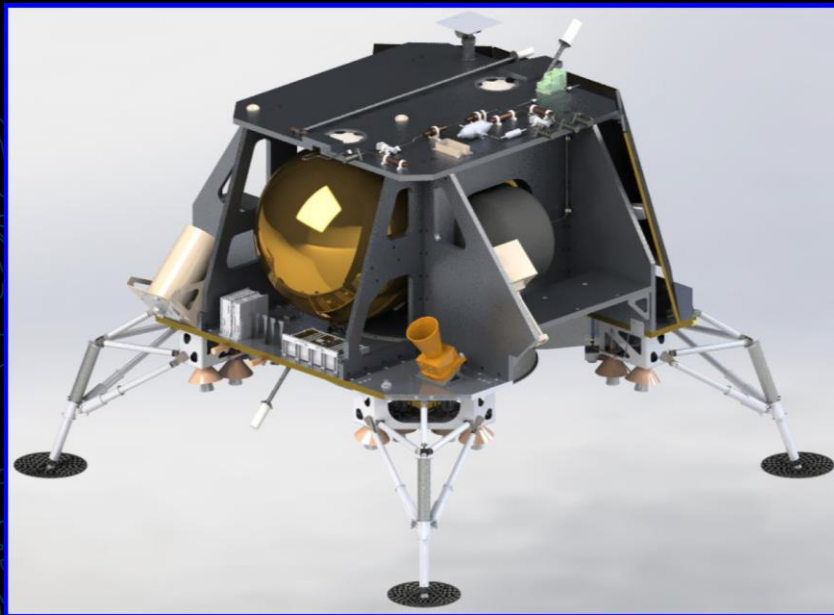
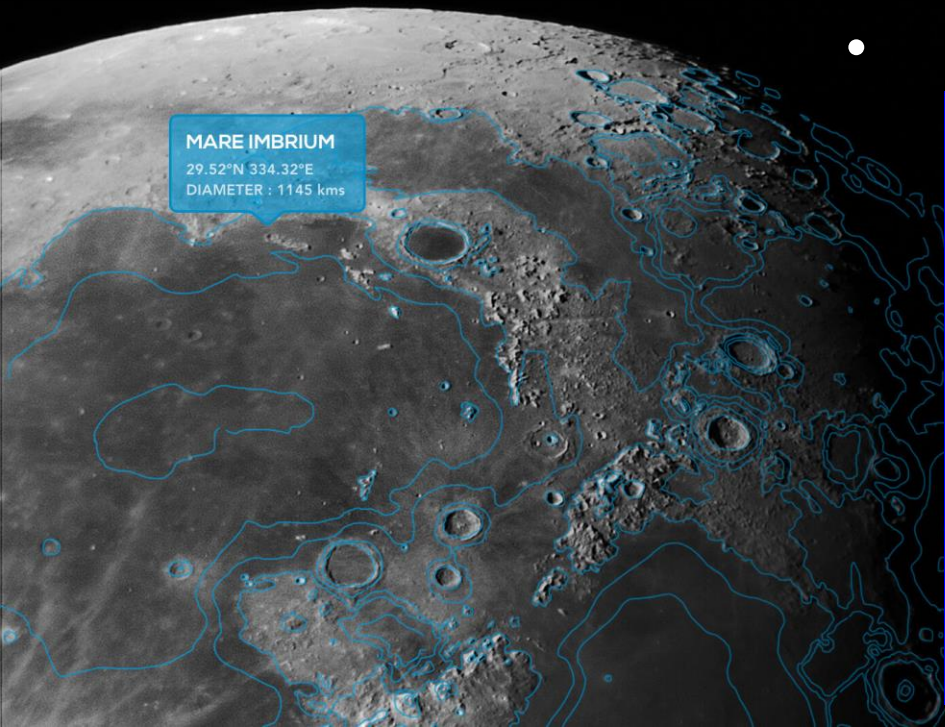
CLPS Lander announcement at GSFC – 5/31/19





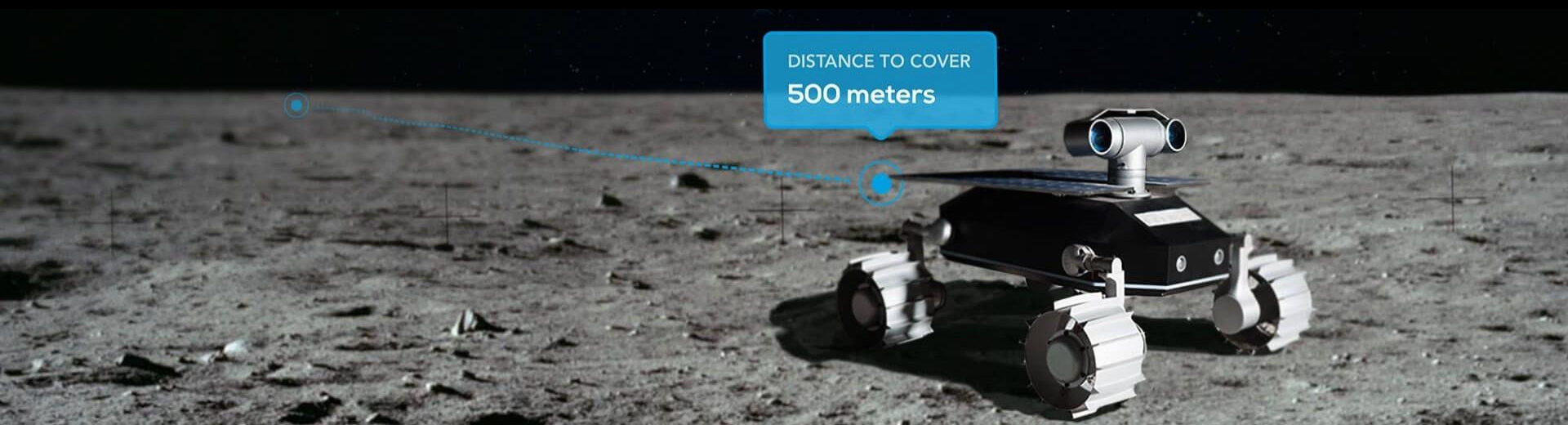
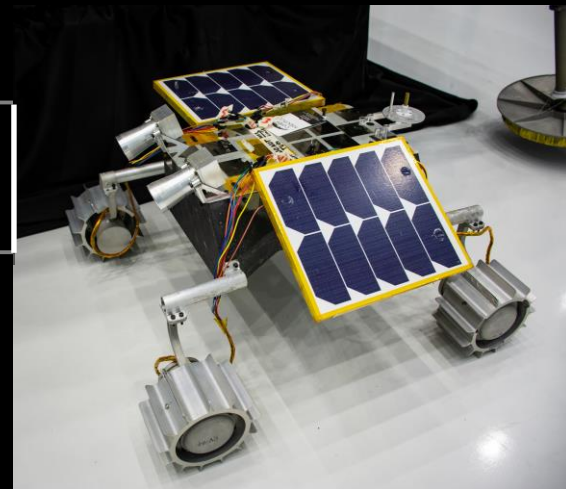
# Z-01 Lander Mission

- Launch: Targeting Q3 2020
- 40 kg capacity to lunar surface
- Possible capacity to lunar orbit



## ECA Rover - Surface Mobility

- ★ Rover qualification model complete
- ★ 5 kg payload capacity
- ★ High-res stereoscopic imaging



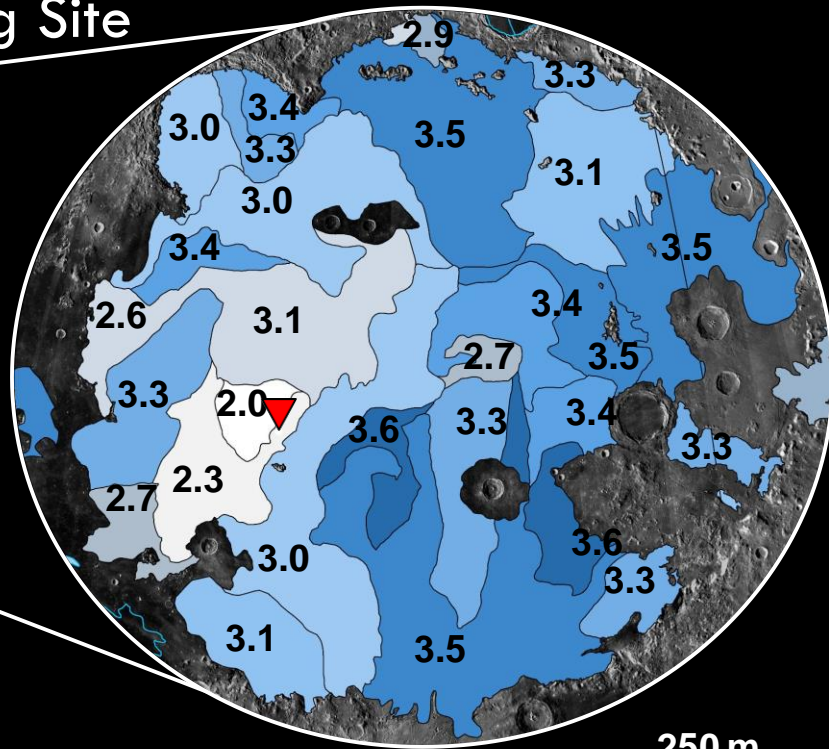
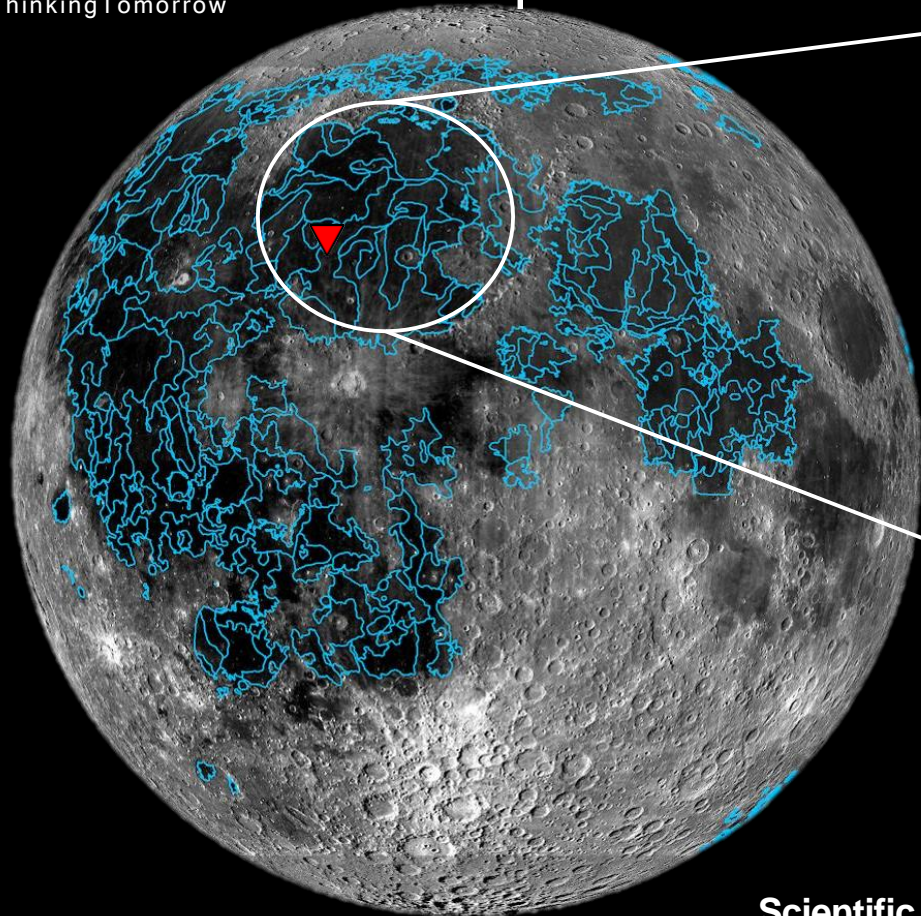
## Mission decoded

- Trajectories
- Autonomous descent & landing
- Hazard avoidance
- Surface operations





## Proposed Z-01 Landing Site



▼ Landing point  
29.5212°N, -25.6801°E

Mare outlines (Hiesinger et al., 2010)

Scientific Exploration of  
Mare Imbrium

Exploration of **Mare Imbrium** can improve our understanding of

1. The generation, ascent, and eruption of magma on the Moon
2. Thermal evolution of the Moon
3. Regional geologic variations

### KEY SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

- Characterize the sequence of flows.
- Characterize the properties of erupted magma through time.
- Characterize extent, topography, and geometry of the flows.

Landing Site Analysis & Design Reference  
Mission by Prof. Jim Head and students  
(Brown Univ)

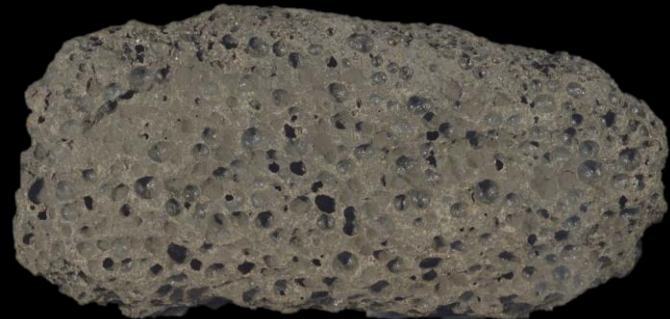


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## KEY SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

- Measure distribution, shape, and size of vesicles.
- Constrain texture and grain size of solidified lavas.
- Measure differences in tonality within the visible spectrum



*Apollo 15 “seatbelt basalt” 15016*

Landing Site Analysis & Design Reference  
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## KEY SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES

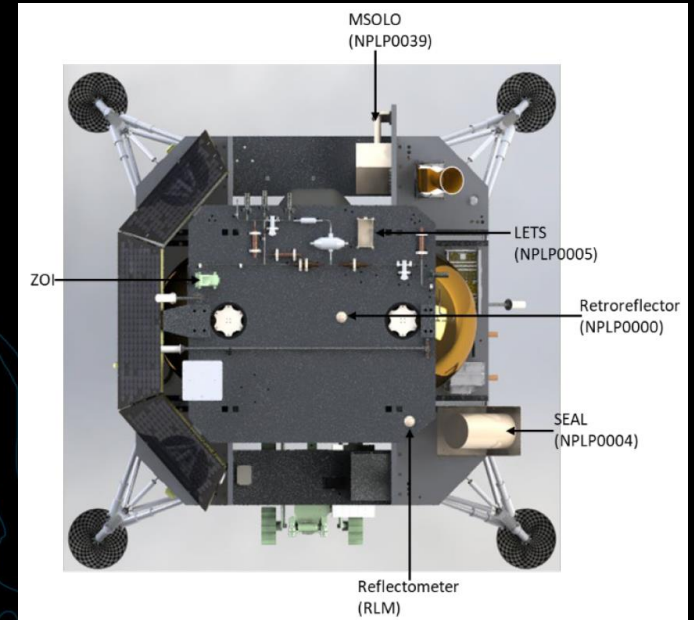
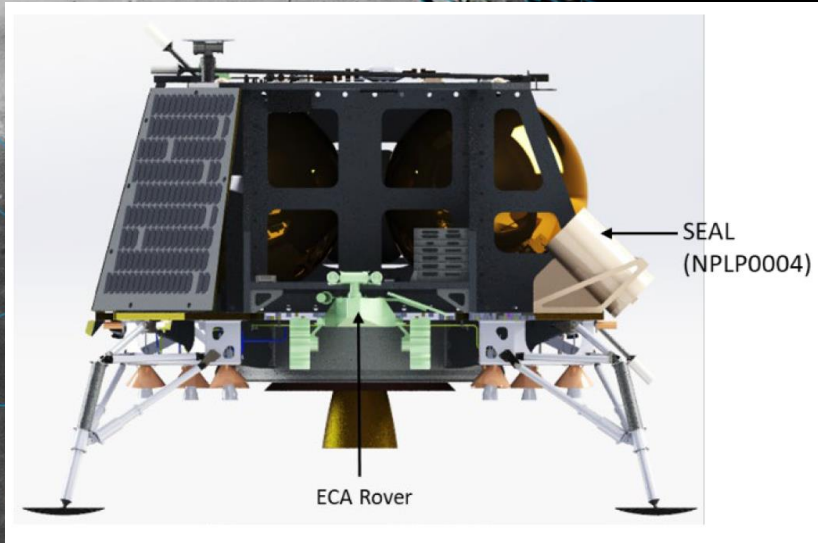
- Analyze how lunar regolith changes through time as it is exposed to the space environment.
- Characterize physical properties of the regolith.
- Study meteorite bombardment environment.
- Compare geologic observations at the landing site with nearby heritage sites.

Landing Site Analysis & Design Reference  
Mission by Prof. Jim Head and students  
(Brown Univ)



# Z-01 Lander Mission

- Proposed Payloads







# ROADMAP

ORBITBeyond  
#ThinkingTomorrow



2020



Versatile  
Landers



Autonomous  
Rendezvous



Lunar ISRU



Mars

2025

2030

- - - - -



Z-01  
Heritage Flight



Advanced  
Mobile Platform



Sample  
Return



Asteroids

# @OrbitBeyond

## Join the Journey

ORBITBeyond  
#ThinkingTomorrow



### + PARTNERS



Axiom  
Research  
Labs

AGILESPACEPROPULSION

HONEYBEE ROBOTICS

